JAFIIR (JPSS Analysis Facility for Instrument Impacts on Requirements)





Efficient End-to-End Semi-Automated Algorithm Performance Analysis and Implementation Verification System

Making use of CSPP

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JPSS VIIRS (on Suomi-NPP)

JAFIIR OBJECTIVES

- ➤ Leverage existing capabilities and those under development for MODIS and VIIRS in data processing and product evaluation to support analysis of instruments impacts on meeting user and product requirements.
- ➤ "Connecting the dots", the components that have been built and/or are under development, to provide a flexible framework to effectively adopt component algorithms toward analyzing the sensor measurements with different elements of sensor characteristics (i.e. noise, navigation, band to band coregistration, etc.) and its impact on products.
- > Assess and evaluate data and products (i.e. imagery, clouds, derived products, soundings, etc.) in a consistent way to ensure the instrument effects on the products can be fully accounted for, characterized and product performance can be analyzed.
- ➤ This is a coordinated team effort from JPSS Risk Reductions, Algorithm Working Groups, Calibration Working Groups, and other related projects. It will not independently develop any new algorithms or processing, but will leverage work already available or under development.
- > JAFIIR is developing the capability for JPSS to assist the government's instrument waiver analysis plan.

VIIRS Spectral Characteristics

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	Band No.	Wavelength (um)	Nadir Horiz Sample Interval (km Downtrack x Crosstrack)	Driving EDR
VIS/NIR Bands	M1	0.412	0.742 x 0.259	Ocean Color Aerosols
	M2	0.445	0.742 x 0.259	Ocean Color Aerosols
	M3	0.488	0.742 x 0.259	Ocean Color Aerosols
	M4	0.555	0.742 x 0.259	Ocean Color Aerosols
	l1	0.640	0.371 x 0.387	Imagery
	M5	0.672	0.742 x 0.259	Ocean Color Aerosols
	M6	0.746	0.742 x 0.776	Atmospheric Correction
	12	0.865	0.371 x 0.387	NDVI
	M7	0.865	0.742 x 0.259	Ocean Color Aerosols
CCD	DNB	0.7	0.742 x 0.742	Imagery
S/MWIR Bands	M8	1.24	0.742 x 0.776	Cloud Particle Size
	M9	1.379	0.742 × 0.776	Cirrus/Cloud Cover
	13	1.61	0.371 x 0.387	Binary Snow Map
	M10	1.61	0.742 x 0.776	Snow Fraction
	M11	2.25	0.742 x 0.776	Clouds
	14	3.74	0.371 x 0.387	Imagery Clouds
	M12	3.70	0.742 x 0.776	SST
	M13	4.05	0.742 x 0.259	SST Fires
LWIR Bands	M14	8.55	0.742 × 0.776	Cloud Top Properties
	M15	10.763	0.742 x 0.776	SST
	15	11.450	0.371 x 0.387	Cloud Imagery
	M16	12.013	0.742 x 0.776	SST

JAFIIR is able to use Suomi-NPP VIIRS data.

- Realtime RDRs collected at SSEC, direct broadcast
- RDR to SDR to EDR processing done in real-time.
- All data archived locally.

Modeling of Instrument Effects

(Using Instrument Specifications)

Four basic instrument effects have been applied to Suomi NPP VIIRS:

➤ Noise (NEdT or NEdR)

Random noise is generated such that for m lines by n elements in an image a random number generator is used on all mXn points where the standard deviation of what will be added to those mXn points is the noise (such as the NEdR equivalent of 0.1K at 300K for IR bands).

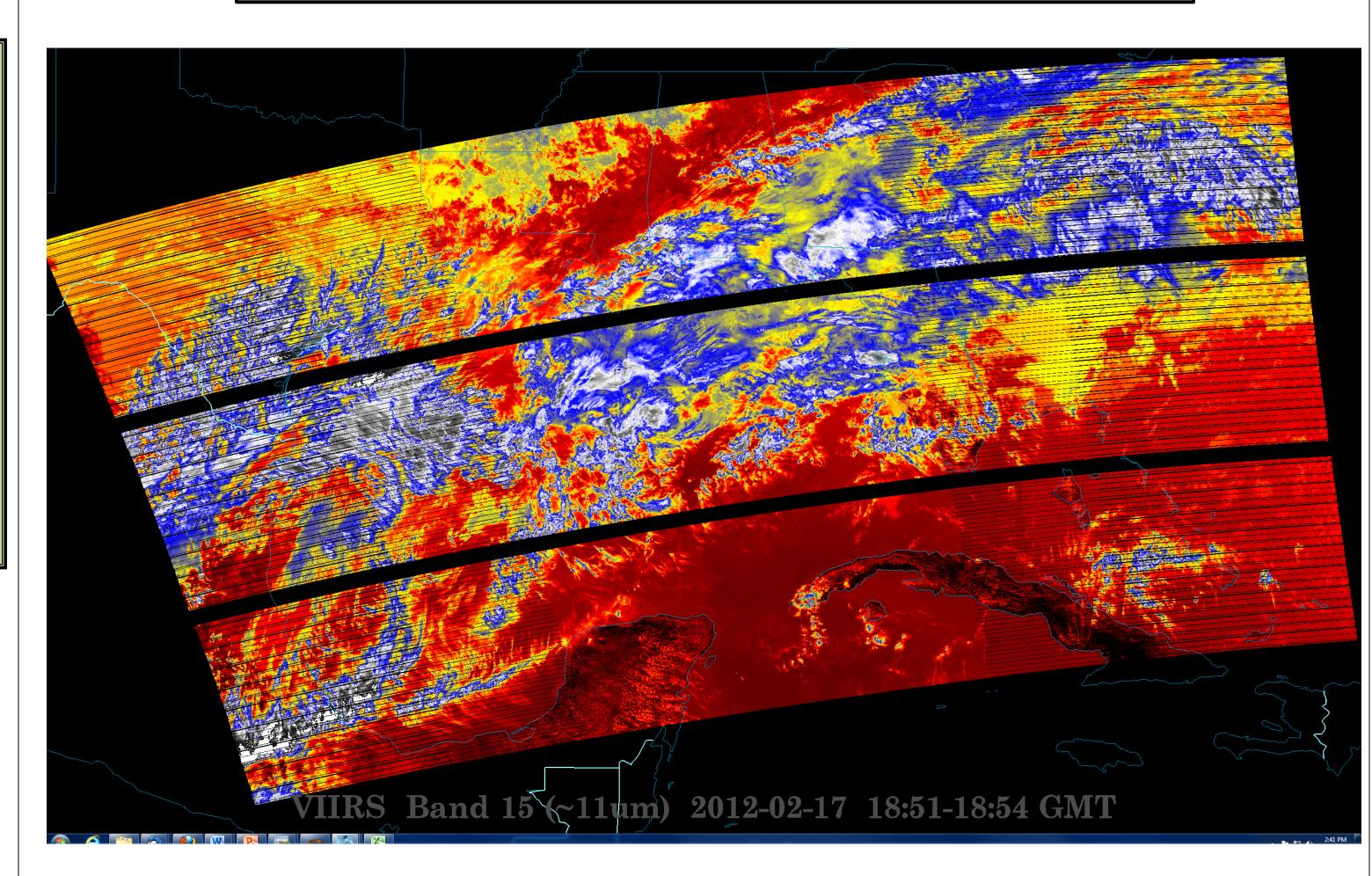
- > Calibration Offset
- IR Bands: Example, add radiance equivalent to 1K to every pixel.
- Vis/NIR Bands: Example, add reflectance to every pixel.
- > Navigation Error

To simulate this error a random compass direction (0-359.99 degrees) is selected for each pixel and a normalized random distribution for distance based on 21 micro radians (0.75km, ABI spec) is added. Then the radiance for that pixel is "smudged" in that direction using linear interpolation. The result is a new image with the original Lat/Lon grid but slightly altered radiances. A few pixels may have large differences from the original because they were on the edge of a feature such as a cloud.

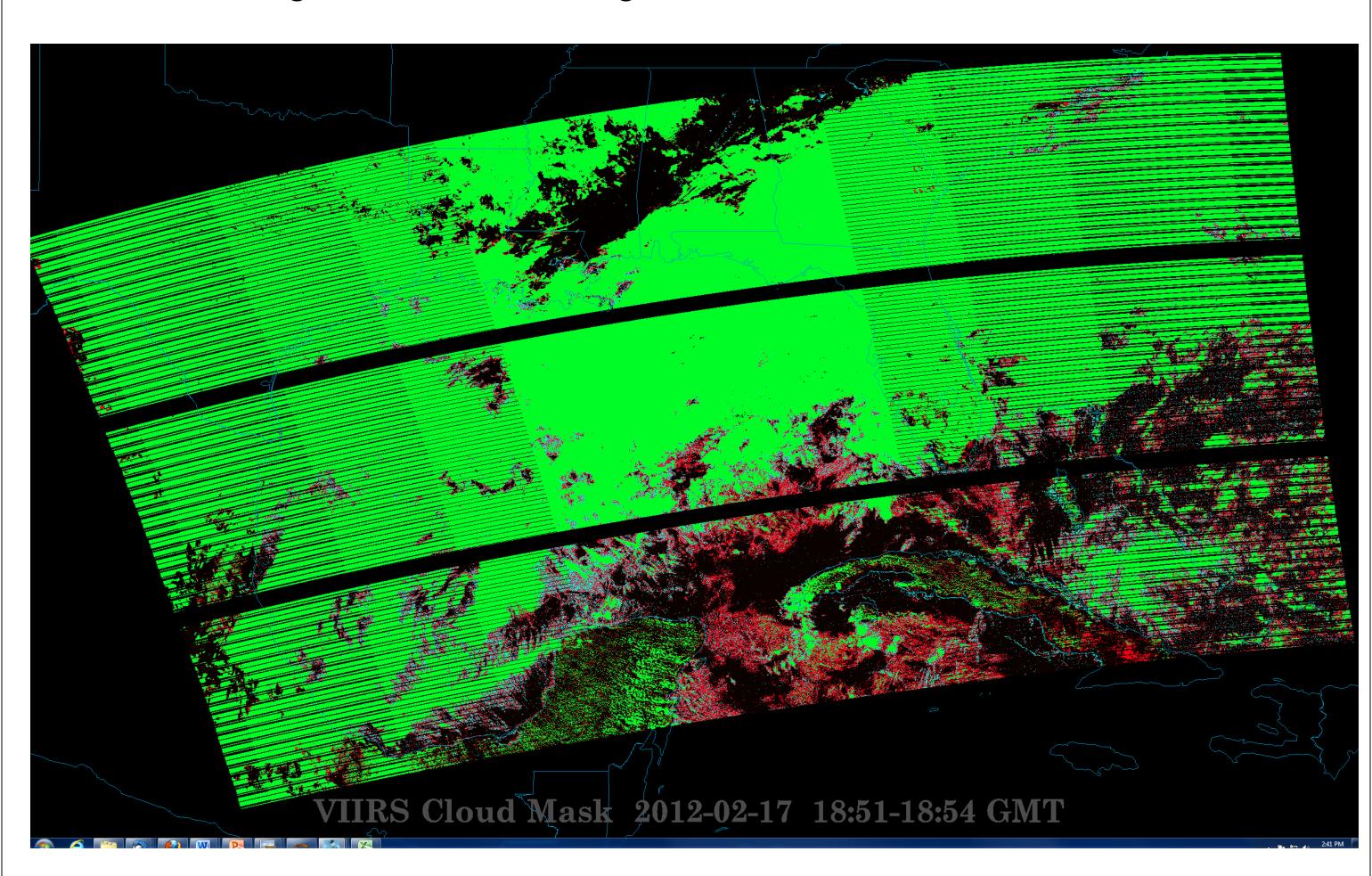
> Striping

A calibration offset on the order of the noise for any given band is added to every nth line, to simulate a certain number of bad detectors.

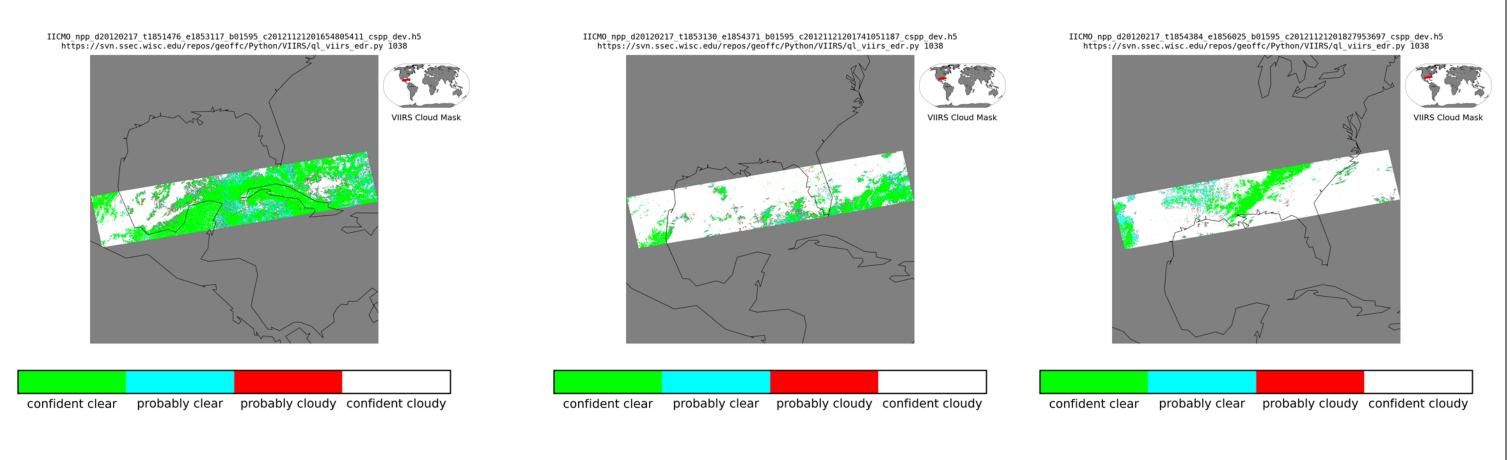
JAFIIR Prepares for VIIRS Waivers



Three VIIRS granules stitched together with McIDAS-V.

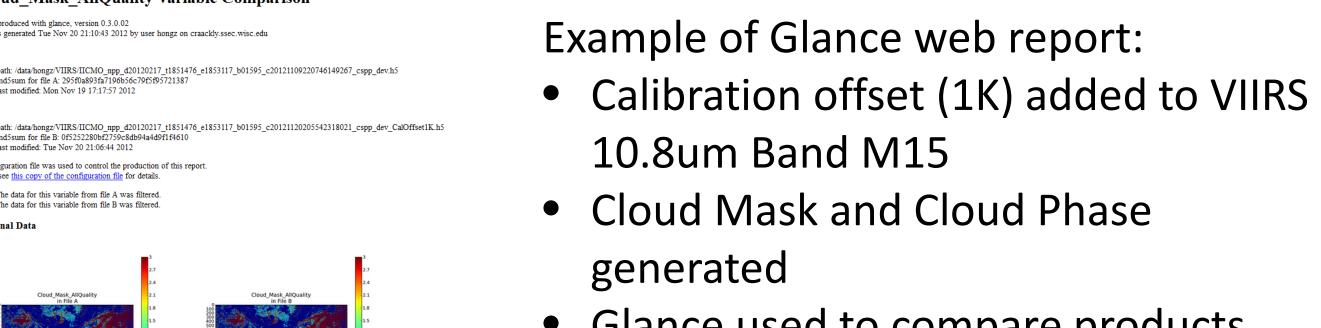


Three VIIRS Cloud Mask granules stitched together with McIDAS-V.

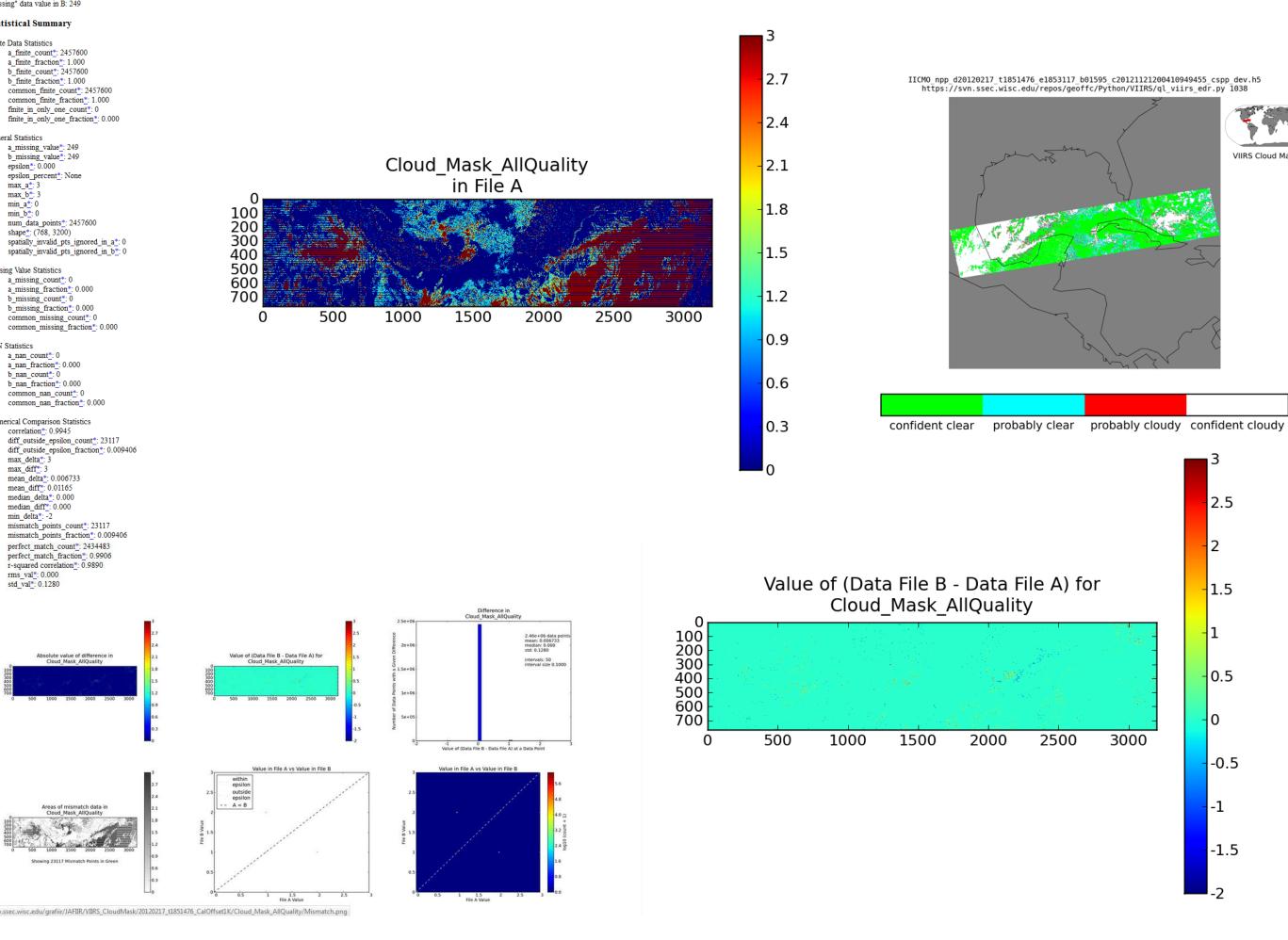


- JAFIIR will be able to measure the effects of a change in radiances on product output
- Many algorithm teams have a need to validate their product against another type of measured data to quantify product performance.

Glance: An Efficient Evaluation and Validation Tool



• Glance used to compare products statistically and visually.



- ➤ GLANCE is a Python software tool in development by the UW-CIMSS GRAFIIR team to efficiently & consistently compare two datasets in a semi-automated way. "Glance at the differences."
- The code is user input driven, so statistics, such as epsilon (threshold) are dynamically changed by user input for each variable.
- ➤ Glance can generate a report in html format which includes product images, difference images, scatter plots, and histograms; also included are various statistics.
- > Compare algorithm output to ensure processing system, algorithm and ancillary datasets are installed correctly.
- > Compare algorithm outputs and obtain useful statistics for varying instrument effect(s)/added noise
- > Automating time consuming manual GRAFIIR analyses
- ➤Glance will be used as a validation tool for Imagery and other AWG teams

JAFIIR SUMMARY

JAFIIR is to

- 1. Implement a facility environment (including leveraging CSPP direct broadcast realtime RDR to SDR to EDR functionality) to allow easy and consistent use of Suomi-NPP VIIRS data and product algorithms.
- 2. Design an efficient approach in coordination with VIIRS sensor and algorithm scientists to analyze the effects of sensor components such as noise, navigation, band to band coregistration, striping and other effects identified to be significant on product algorithms and imagery.
- 3. Assist the government's response to future VIIRS instrument waivers requested by industry by providing statistical analysis, reports, and imagery.
- 4. The CIMSS JPSS JAFIIR Team has demonstrated the key components of responding to waiver/deviation requests.