

OVERVIEW OF CIMSS ACTIVITIES IN SUPPORT OF THE U.S. GOES-R Algorithm Working Group

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GOES-R baseline instruments/Systems

- ABI Advanced Baseline Imager
- GLM Geostationary Lightning Mapper
- SIS Solar Imaging Suite
- SEISS Space Environment In-Situ Suite
- MAG Magnetometer
- AUX Auxiliary Services
- LRIT--Low Rate Information transmission
- EMWIN--Emergency Managers Weather
- Information Network
- DCS--Data Collection System
- SAR-- Search and Rescue

GOES Current & -R Imagers Spectral Band and Coverage



ABI (blue) and current GOES sounder (green) spectral coverage over a high spectral resolution brightness temperature spectrum.

GOES-R ABI: An Improved Environmental Imaging Capability

Parameter	Current GOES Imager	Future GOES Imager	Comments
Number of Visible bands	1	3	Cloud cover, plant health and surface features during the day, etc.
Number of Near IR bands	0	3	Cirrus clouds, Low cloud/fog and fire detection, etc.
Number of Infrared bands	4	10	Upper-level water vapor, clouds, SO ₂ , SST, etc.
Coverage Rate	25 minutes for full disk	15 minutes for full disk, plus CONUS images every 5 minutes, plus meso-scale scans	ABI is approximately five times faster
Spatial resolutions of the 0.6 um visible band	Approximately 1 km	0.5 km	At the sub-satellite point
Spatial resolutions of the infrared bands	Approximately 4-8 km	2 km	At the sub-satellite point
On-orbit visible calibration	No	Yes	

GOES-R ABI: An Improved Environmental Imaging Capability

GOES-R Imager ABI Current GOES Imager



IMAGE START

GOES-8 COVERAGE IN 5 MINUTES

ORA/ASP1

Coverage within 5 minutes

GOES-12 Imager Observation - CONUS



Simulated ABI 16 Band Image Loop



ABI band data for 2005 June 04 15:00 UTC

GOES-R Observational Requirements: Alternative 1 (no sounder)

Aerosol Detection	Dust/Aerosol *	Surface Albedo
Aerosol Particle Size	Probability of Rainfall	Surface Emissivity *
Suspended Matter	Rainfall Potential	Vegetation Fraction
Volcanic Ash *	Rainfall Rate	Vegetation Index
Aircraft Icing Threat	Derived Stability Indices *	Currents
Cloud Imagery	Total Precipitable Water *	Sea & Lake Ice / Displacement & Direction
Cloud & Moisture Imagery	Total Water Content *	Sea & Lake Ice / Age
Cloud Layers / Heights & Thickness *	Clear Sky Masks	Sea & Lake Ice / Concentration
Cloud Ice Water Path *	Radiances *	Sea & Lake Ice / Extent & Characterization
Cloud Liquid Water	Absorbed Shortwave Radiation	Sea & Lake Ice / Extent & Edge
Cloud Optical Depth	Downward Longwave Radiation	Sea & Lake Ice / Surface Temp
Cloud Particle Size Distribution	Downward Solar Insolation	Sea & Lake Ice / Motion
Cloud Top Phase	Reflected Solar Insolation	Sea & Lake Ice / Thickness
Cloud Top Height *	Upward Longwave Radiation *	Ice Cover / Landlocked
Cloud Top Pressure *	Ozone Total *	Snow Cover
Cloud Top Temperature *	SO ₂ Detection *	Snow Depth
Cloud Type	Derived Motion Winds *	Sea Surface Temps
Convection Initiation	Fire / Hot Spot Imagery	Energetic Heavy lons
Enhanced "V"/Overshooting Top Detection	Flood / Standing Water	Mag Electrons & Protons: Low Energy
Hurricane Intensity	Land Surface (Skin) Temperature	Mag Electrons & Protons: Med & High Energy
Imagery: All-Weather / Day - Night		Solar & Galactic Protons
Lightning Detection		Solar Flux: EUV
Low Cloud & Fog		Solar Flux: X-Ray
Turbulence *		Solar Imagery: X-Ray
Visibility		

Geomagnetic Field

*D1 = Degraded from original GOES-R requirements in Alternative 1 (no HES, nor Sounder)

ABI – Advanced Baseline Imager SEISS – Space Env. In-Situ Suite SIS – Solar Instrument Suite

Magnetometer

- Task 1. GOES-R Proxy Data Sets and Models to Support a Broad Range of Algorithm Working Group (AWG) Activities
- Task 2. GOES-R Analysis Facility Instrument for
- Impacts on Requirements (GRAFIIR) •
- Task 3. Development of Generalized Radiative Transfer Model for Multilayer Clouds
- Task 4. Algorithm Integration Team (AIT) Technical Support
- Task 5. Total Ozone retrieval from ABI
- Task 6. Cloud Products
- Task 7. Development of Static Libraries for Retrieval of Cloud Optical and Microphysical Properties
- **Task 8. GEOCAT** Enhancements and Documentation

Task 9. GOES-R ABI Fire Detection and Characterization Algorithm Development and Evaluation

- Task 10. GOES-R Legacy Profile Algorithm Evaluation and Selection
- Task 11. Sounding Product Evaluation and Validation Task 12. Winds from GOES-R ABI
- Task 13. Hurricane Intensity Estimation from GOES-R ABI
- **Task 14. Aviation Weather Products**
 - A. Turbulence
 - **B. Volcanic Ash/SO2 Detection**
 - C. Low Cloud and Fog

Task 15. Snow and Ice Products

Task 16. Aerosol imagery from GOES-R ABI

Task 17. Data Analysis and Visualization for GOES-R



ABI Proxy Data Animations UW/CIMSS June 4, 2005 15:00 & 20:00 UTC

Updated September 10, 2007







Date: June 4, 2005 Time: 15:00 and 20:00 UTC Spectral Loop Bands 1-16

All Bands 15:00 UTC June 4, 2005





All Bands 20:00 UTC June 4, 2005





ABI Full-disk Animations



Using ABI for continuation of GOES-N class sounder legacy products



Experiments show that retrievals of atmospheric instability from high-spectral (e.g., HES) data are much improved over current broadband (GOES-12+forecast).

Using ABI for continuation of GOES-N class sounder legacy products



Experiments show that retrievals of Total Precipitable Water (TPW) from highspectral (e.g., HES) data are much improved over current broadband (GOES-12+forecast).



Total precipitable water (mm)



UW/CIMSS (Jin & Li, 2007)



GOES-R AWG Applications Software and Products Atmospheric Motion Vectors (AMV) – Processing Overview



Pre-processing

Check Image Registration

- Find clear landmarks
- Determine average shift between images
- Adjust images if necessary

Target Selection and Height Assignment

- Sectorize middle image into target scenes
- Analyze scenes; select suitable targets
- Estimate target heights

Feature Tracking

- Read in targets
- Use forecast to guide match search
- Find best match in first and third images
- Calculate displacements and compute average vector and final AMV

Quality Control

- Apply acceleration and gross error checks
- Compute Quality Indicators (QI)
- Recursive filter editing
- Assign final vector heights
- Compute Expected Error (EE) values

Target Field



AMV Field



Simulated ABI AMVs from heritage and new channels

3D view

Vertical distribution



Simulated HES AMVs from retrieval height-resolved moisture analyses





Simulated HES retrieval moisture field (683hPa)

Marine boundary layer vertical distribution of height-resolved AMVs derived from the simulated HES moisture fields 3D view of simulated HES AMVs compared to operational GOES clear sky WV AMVs

• Adapt WF_ABBA contextual algorithm/code to GOES-R ABI

- Build on current contextual algorithms (WF_ABBA, MODIS)
- Utilize GOES-RRR research efforts (CIMSS and UMD) to update current techniques that address emissivity, transmissivity, and solar reflectivity corrections.
- Update WF_ABBA code for sub-pixel characterization requirements (Dozier technique and Fire Radiative Power). Base changes on user needs and current specs for ABI measurement range, spectral response, data quantization, band-to-band coregistration, MTF, etc.
- Update code to provide meta data with fire mask (opaque cloud coverage; block-out zones due to solar reflectance, clouds, extreme view angles, biome type, etc..)
- Identify proxy test data sets (e.g. GOES, MODIS, SEVIRI, MTSAT (2km), model simulated ABI, biome data, model output of TPW, etc.) and apply modified WF_ABBA to these data sets. Coordinate with Cloud and Proxy Team AWGs.
- Iterate algorithm/code and assess capabilities using proxy data case studies and higher resolution data (MODIS, ASTER, etc). Coordinate with NPOESS VIIRS fire team and UMD (Justice, Csiszar, Giglio).

Application of Prototype ABI WF_ABBA to Simulated ABI Data in North America

Application of Prototype ABI WF_ABBA to Model Simulated Data over the Great Plains

Variable Fire - No Cloud Case Study



CIRA Model Simulated ABI 3.9 µm band



CIMSS ABI WF_ABBA Fire Product Biome Block-Out Zone

Experimental ABI WF_ABBA Fire Legend



Application of Prototype ABI WF_ABBA to MODIS Simulated ABI Data in South America

Date: 7 September 2004

Time: 17:50 UTC



CIMSS MODIS Simulation of ABI 3.9 µm band



CIMSS ABI WF_ABBA Fire Mask Product

Experimental ABI WF_ABBA Fire Legend



GOES-R Analysis Facility for Instrument Impacts on Requirements (GRAFIIR)

GRAFIIR is a facility established to leverage existing capabilities and those under development for both current GOES and its successor in data processing and product evaluation to support GOES-R analysis of instruments impacts on meeting user and product requirements.

GRAFIIR is for "connecting the dots", the components that have been built and/or are under development, to provide a flexible frame work to effectively adopt component algorithms toward analyzing the sensor measurements with different elements of sensor characteristic (i.e. noise, navigation, band to band co-registration, diffraction, etc.) and its impact on products.

GRAFIIR is to assess and evaluate many of the GOES-R data and products (i.e. imagery, clouds, derived products, soundings, winds, etc.) in a consistent way to ensure the instrument effects on the products can be fully accounted for, characterized and product performance could be optimized.

GRAFIIR is a coordinated team effort from GOES-R Risk Reduction and Algorithm Working Group and other related projects. It will not independently develop any new algorithms or processing that are available or already under developed.

GRAFIIR Connecting the Dots



GRAFIIR Error Budget



CIMSS/UW Working with NOAA GOES-R AWG Chairs

NOAA AWG Chair – Mitch Goldberg

Tim Schmit, Sounding Jaime Daniels, Wind

Mark Demaria, Tropical Cyclone Andy Heidinger, Cloud

Jeff Key, Cryosphere Shoba Kondragunta, Aerosol Mike Pavolonis, GEOCAT, Cloud Dan Tarpley, Land

Gary Wade, Sounding Study Fuzhong Weng, Proxy

CIMSS/UW-Madison (47)

Proxy/Model: 10; Sounding: 4; Ozone: 3; Cloud Pro.: 3; Validation: 2; Cloud Micro.: 1; Aerosol: 1; Fires: 4; Winds: **3**; Tropical Cyclone: **3**; Aviation Wx: **4**; Snow/Ice: **3**; Visualization: 3; Algo. Eval.: 3

Simulated ABI 16 Band Image Loop



ABI band data for 2005 June 04 15:00 UTC