

# Current status of the EUMETSAT MTG-FCI AMV prototype

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# Outline

**The MTG-FCI AMV prototype**

**Comparison with MSG**

**Comparison with GEO-KOMPSAT-2A**

**Comparison with L2PF**

**Conclusions**

# The MTG-FCI AMV prototype

- Largely based on the MSG AMV processor, with important differences:
  - three images instead of four;
  - centre image used as reference, with backward and forward tracking;
  - no intermediate product averaging; second component used as final product instead.
- CCC method used for tracking, with final AMV coordinates set to the position of the tracked feature, not the centre of the target box.
- OCA or CTTH may be used as main height assignment method.
- AMVs derived from channels VIS0.8, IR3.8, WV6.3, WV7.3 and IR10.5.
- Prototype adapted to MSG, Himawari-8, GEO-Kompsat-2A and GOES-R (next).

# Comparison with MSG

Average number of AMVs per channel (QI > 80) – 14<sup>th</sup> May to 14<sup>th</sup> June 2016

	VIS 0.8 $\mu\text{m}$		
	MTG 24	MSG 24	MTG – MSG
<b>all</b>	3,832	3,426	+11.9%
<b>high</b>	829	830	-0.1%
<b>mid</b>	713	596	+19.6%
<b>low</b>	2,290	2,000	+14.6%

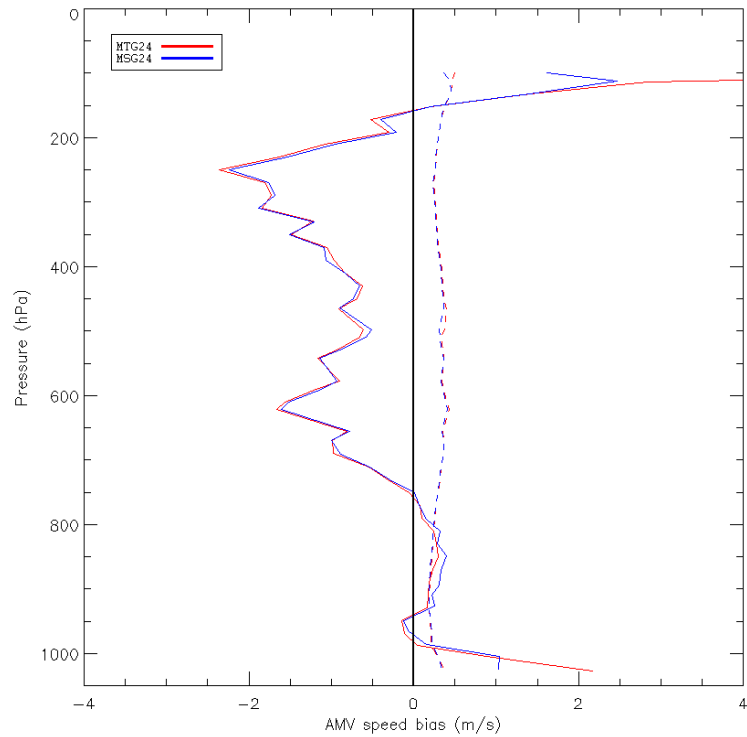
	WV 6.2 $\mu\text{m}$ (cloudy)		
	MTG 24	MSG 24	MTG – MSG
<b>all</b>	4,077	4,057	+0.5%
<b>high</b>	3,858	3,897	-1.0%
<b>mid</b>	219	160	+37.7%
<b>low</b>	–	–	–

	WV 7.3 $\mu\text{m}$ (cloudy)		
	MTG 24	MSG 24	MTG – MSG
<b>all</b>	5,138	5,175	-0.7%
<b>high</b>	4,028	4,091	-1.5%
<b>mid</b>	1,110	1,084	+2.5%
<b>low</b>	–	–	–

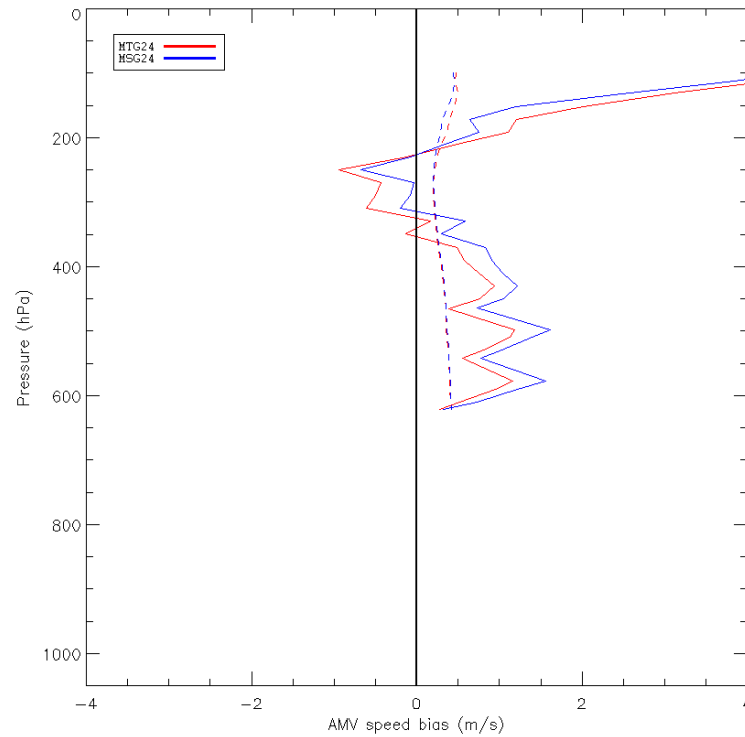
	IR 10.8 $\mu\text{m}$		
	MTG 24	MSG 24	MTG – MSG
<b>all</b>	8,231	7,614	+8.1%
<b>high</b>	3,317	3,358	-1.2%
<b>mid</b>	1,363	1,199	+13.7%
<b>low</b>	3,551	3,057	+16.2%

# Comparison with MSG

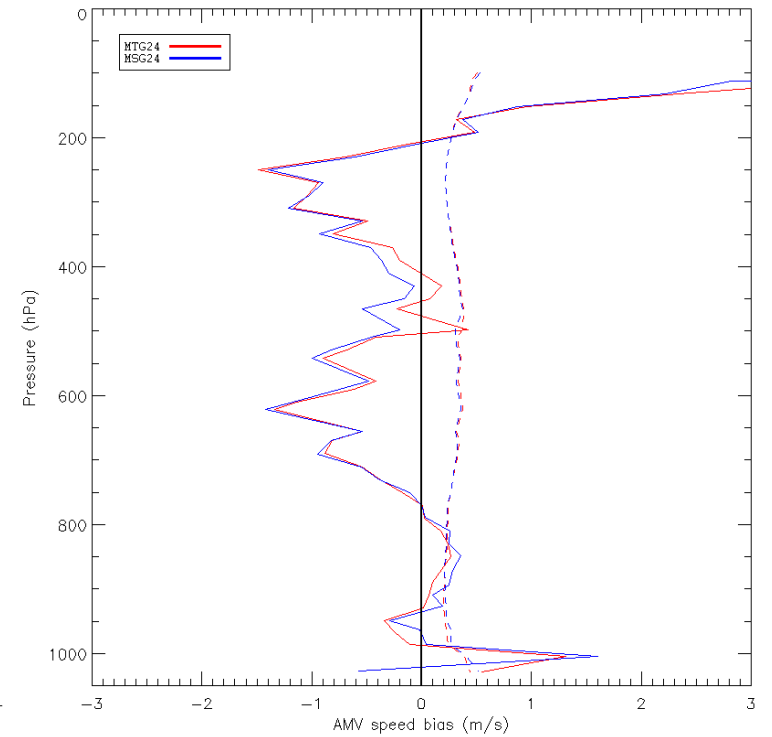
Vertical distribution of AMV speed bias and NRMS (QI > 80) – 14<sup>th</sup> May to 14<sup>th</sup> June 2016



VIS 0.8 μm



WV 7.3 μm



IR 10.8 μm

# Comparison with MSG

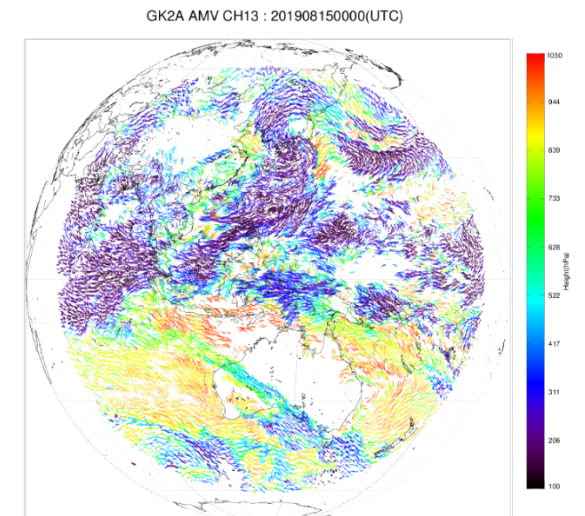
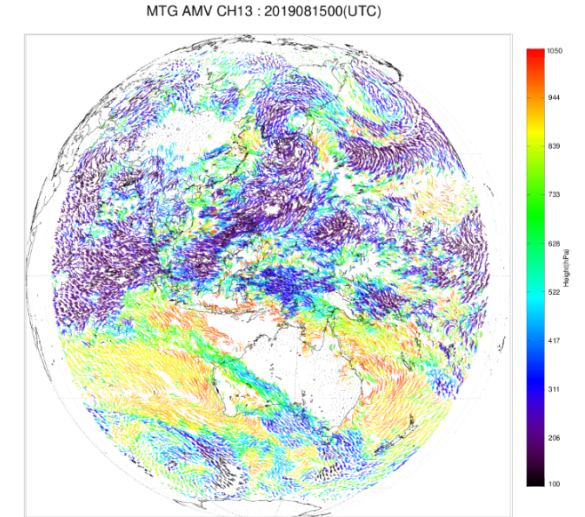
## Summary

- More AMVs for MTG than MSG (especially for channels VIS 0.8  $\mu\text{m}$  and IR 10.8  $\mu\text{m}$ ).
- Normalised AMV histograms very similar for all channels, with slightly faster and higher AMVs for MSG for channels VIS 0.8  $\mu\text{m}$  and IR 10.8  $\mu\text{m}$ .
- AMV speed bias and NRMS against forecast very similar for both algorithms, for all levels and geographical areas.
- For channel IR 10.8  $\mu\text{m}$ , the larger the target box size, the slower the AMVs and, thus, the larger the speed bias (in absolute value).
- All in all, **there seems to be no significant advantage in the averaging of intermediate products**, as done for MSG.

# Comparison with GEO-KOMPSAT-2A

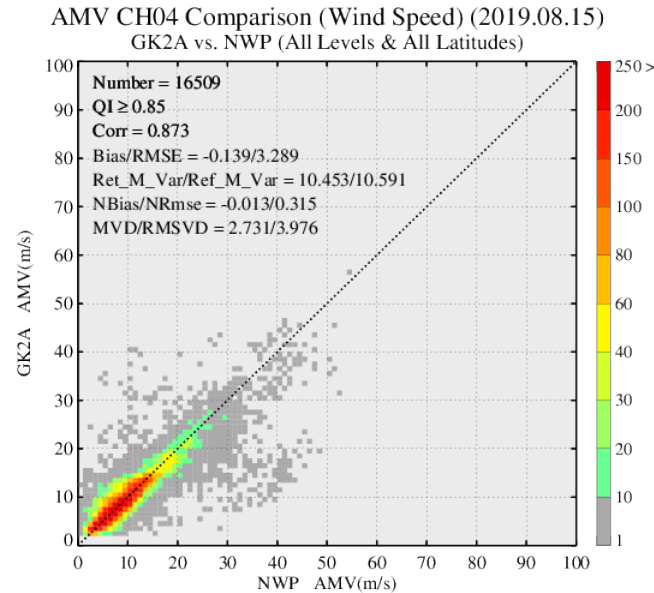
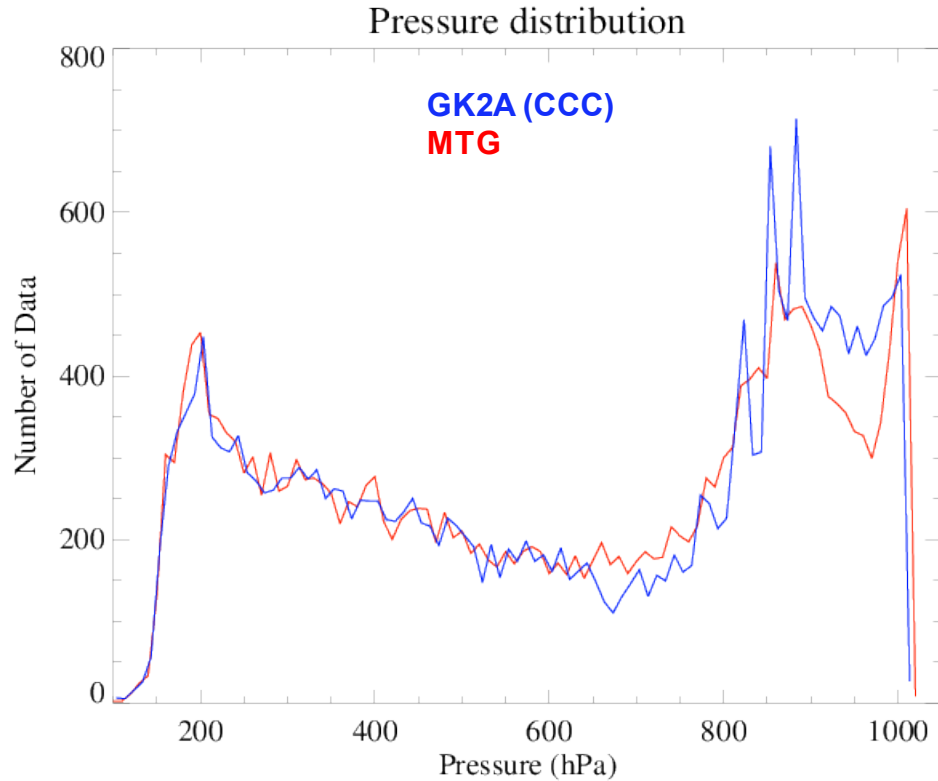
## Introduction

- Collaboration between EUMETSAT and KMA. Visit of Hee-Ae Kim and In-Chul Shin from 2<sup>nd</sup> to 12<sup>th</sup> 2019.
- Input data: triplet of images around 15<sup>th</sup> August 2019 at 0:00.
- Cloudy AMVs extracted from channels VIS 0.6  $\mu\text{m}$  (GK2A) / VIS 0.8  $\mu\text{m}$  (MTG), WV 6.2  $\mu\text{m}$ , WV 7.3  $\mu\text{m}$  and IR 10.5  $\mu\text{m}$ .
- Two GK2A datasets generated using CCC and EBBT + IR/WV as height assignment methods. EUMETSAT dataset generated using CCC.

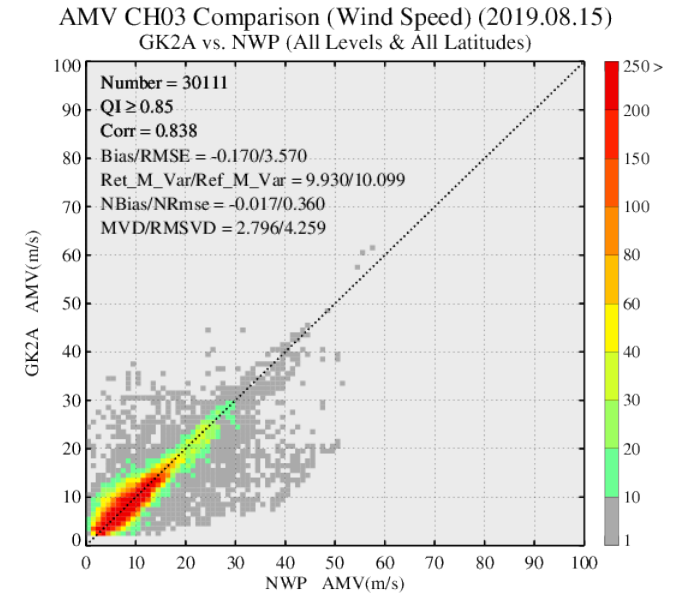


# Comparison with GEO-KOMPSAT-2A

## Pressure histograms and speed biases for channel VIS 0.8 $\mu\text{m}$



MTG



GK2A

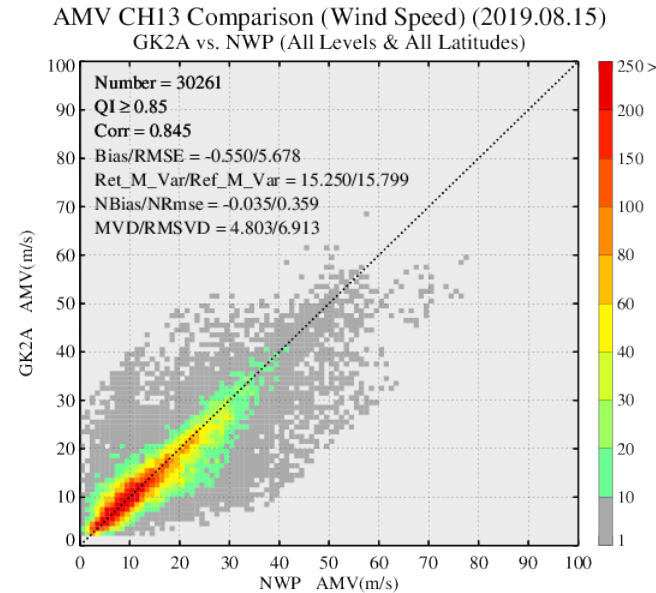
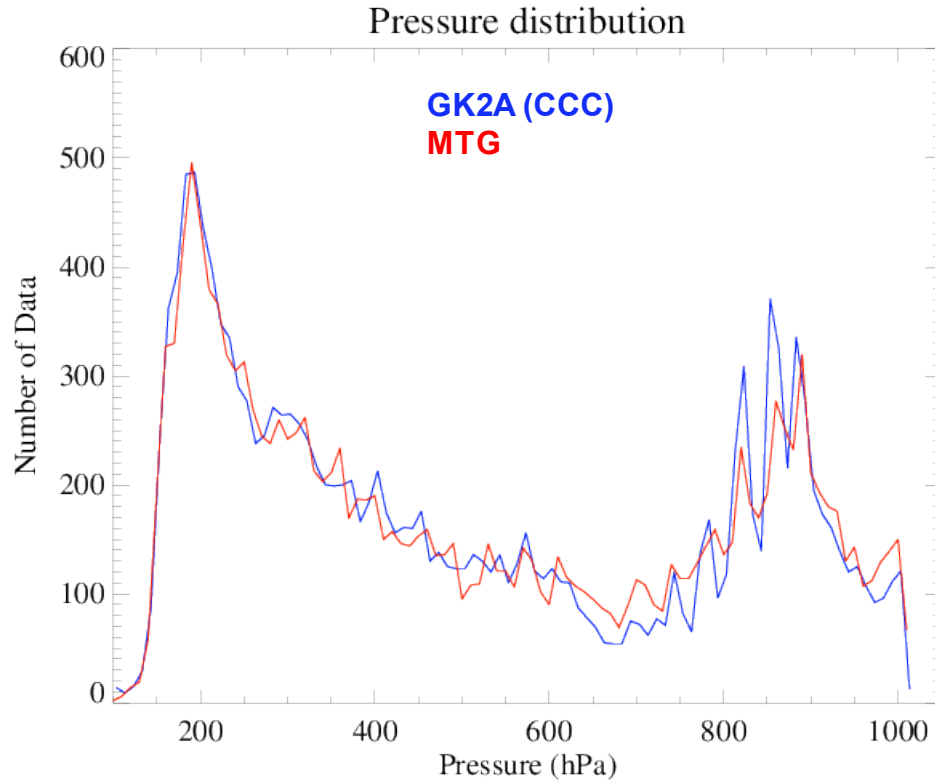
[Plots courtesy of KMA]

- See paper entitled “Development and Intercomparison Study of an Atmospheric Motion Vector Retrieval Algorithm for GEO-KOMPSAT-2A”, Oh, S.M., R. Borde, M. Carranza, I.C. Shin, Remote Sens. 2019, 11, 2054.

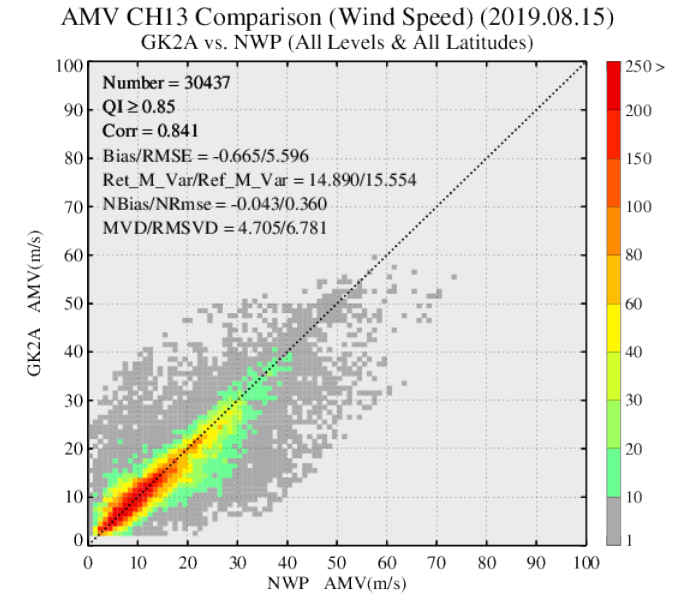


# Comparison with GEO-KOMPSAT-2A

## Pressure histograms and speed biases for channel IR 10.5 $\mu\text{m}$



MTG



GK2A

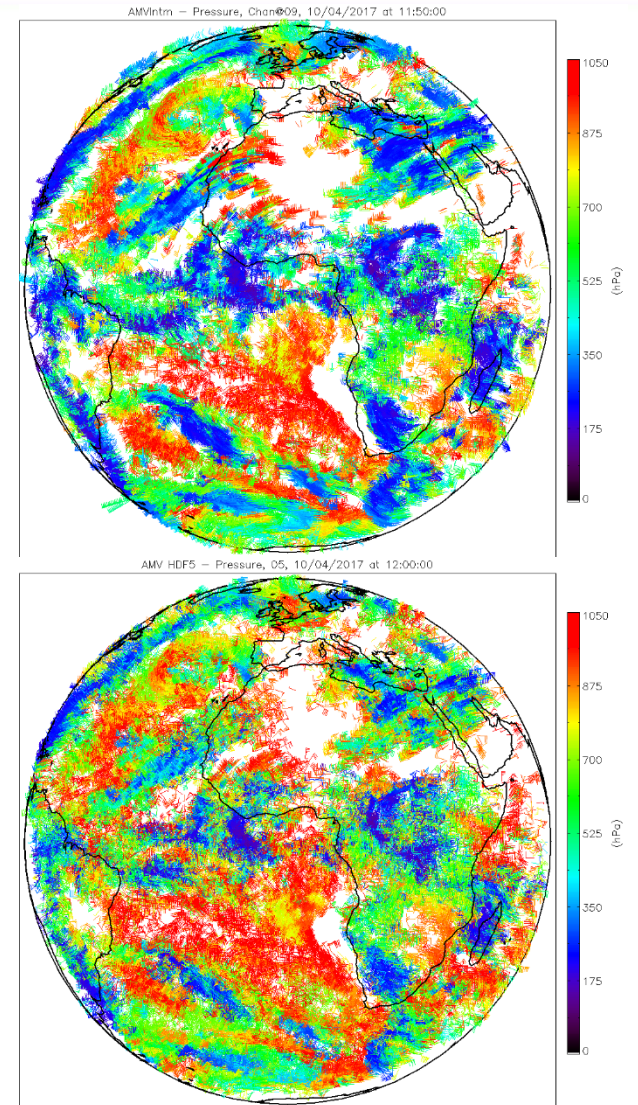
[Plots courtesy of KMA]

- See paper entitled “Development and Intercomparison Study of an Atmospheric Motion Vector Retrieval Algorithm for GEO-KOMPSAT-2A”, Oh, S.M., R. Borde, M. Carranza, I.C. Shin, Remote Sens. 2019, 11, 2054.

# Comparison with L2PF

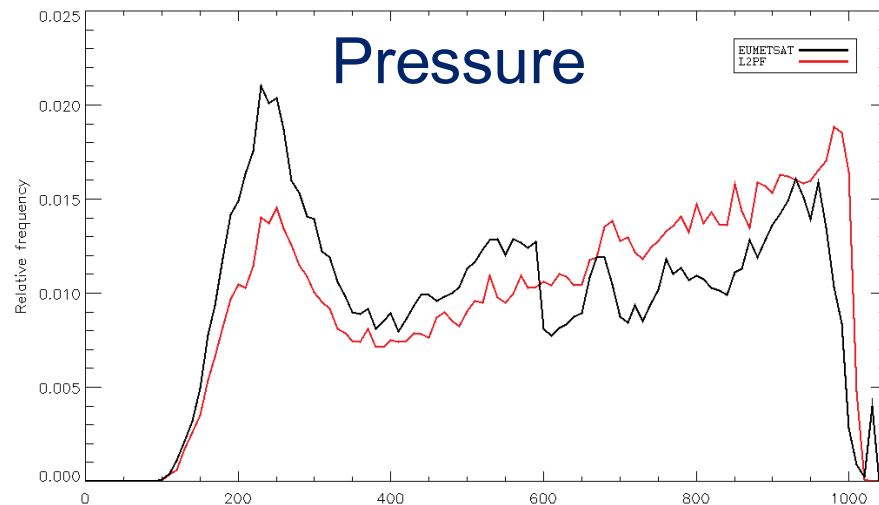
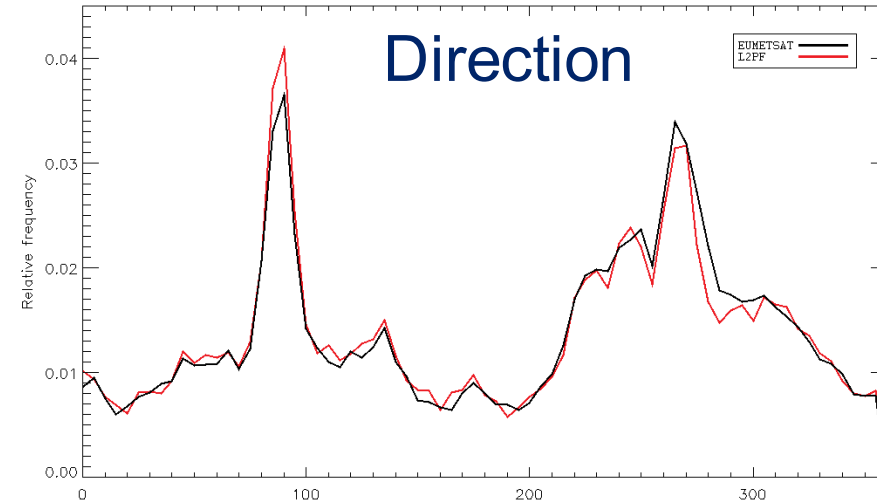
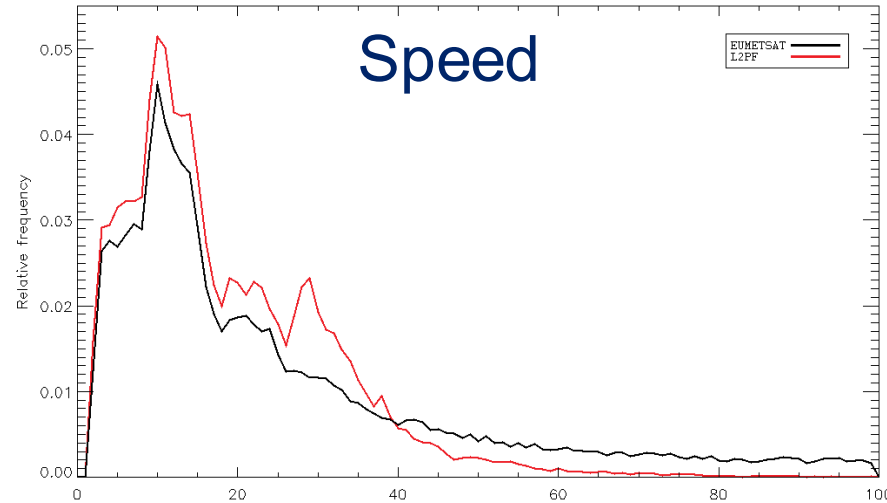
## Introduction

- Verification against operational processor from industry currently ongoing.
- Simulated images from MSG-SEVIRI.
- Input data: triplets of images around 10<sup>th</sup> April 2017 at 12:00 and 23:00.
- AMVs extracted from channels VIS 0.8  $\mu\text{m}$ , IR 3.8  $\mu\text{m}$ , WV 6.3  $\mu\text{m}$ , WV 7.3  $\mu\text{m}$  and IR 10.5  $\mu\text{m}$ .



# Comparison with L2PF

## Normalised AMV histograms for channel IR 10.5 $\mu\text{m}$



- Speed histograms are similar, with EUMETSAT AMVs faster in general.
- Direction histograms are very similar.
- Pressure histograms are somewhat similar, but need further investigation.

# Conclusions

- The MTG-FCI AMV prototype is in good shape.
- Comparison with the operational MSG processor yields very similar results, with a slight improvement for the MTG-FCI algorithm due to the lack of averaging.
- Comparison with the operational GEO-KOMPSAT-2A AMV products using the CCC method yields very similar results.
- Comparison with the operational MTG-FCI L2PF processor yields mixed results, with noticeable differences in wind speed and pressure. Investigations are ongoing in order to understand the origin of the differences and correct them.
- The MTG-FCI AMV prototype will be further adapted to GOES-R data in the frame of the upcoming 4<sup>th</sup> AMV Intercomparison Study.

# Conclusions

Thank you!